## A period of profound change

**EXPANSION** Roma Metropolitane is masterminding an ambitious programme to enhance mobility in the ancient city by expanding the existing metro network and building two new lines.

oma is changing in depth, literally. About 30 m below ground, unseen and unno-steed by the city's inhabit-ants, mechanical moles are excavating kilometres of railway tunnels. As they move forward, without disturbing the surrounding soll, the machines also line the tunnels with reinforced concrete prefabricated segments. In the meantime, some 40 open-air sites are in full swing, busy constructing stations and air shafts whilst trying to minimise the negative impact of the works on daily life.

Line B1 and the main 25-5 km 30-station section of Line C between Pantano and Clodio-Mazzini are under construction. Soon, work on the northern extension of Line C to Grotarossa, the new Line D and four extensions of Lines A and B will start as well (Table I).

With an estimated investment of around e3bn —about 70% of which will be subsidised by the state, 18% by the City of Roma and 12% by the Regional Council of Laizo —Line C represents one of the biggest public works ever undertaken in Italy and will run across the city like a spine (MROS p5). It will be the first fully automated underground metro line in Roma, with driverless trains and platform screen doctors. trains and platform screen doors.
Furthermore, the project includes a

Table I. Roma metro network extensions

proposed

proposed

Oct 2005 2011 620

2009

2012 2015



Federico Bortoli CEO, Roma Metropolitane

fulfil their role as general contractor for the project. Roma Metropolitane is responsible for overall technical and administrative supervision.
Civil words started in the spring of 2007. The stations and air shafts on the underground section between San Giovanni and Giardinetti are under construction, and existing surface strions on the former Roma – Pantanotons of the former Roma – Pantanotons – Pan tions on the former Roma – Pantano railway are being revamped. Work is progressing quickly, except in those areas where archaeological surveys had already revealed the existence of historically significant structures. For example San Giovanni station had to be redesigned to avoid interference with Roman artefacts, Given the need with Roman artefacts. Given the need to protect Roma's archaeological heritage, the project designers are still studying the best possible location for access paths to Venezia station, at the heart of the ancient city.

At the same time, below the

Table II. Roma Line C suppliers Metro C SCPA con: CMB Società Co-operativa Muratorie Braccianti di Caro JV between: Astaldi Group Vianini Lavori CCC Consorzio Co-operative C Civil works Civil works Civil works Ansaldo STS Balfour Beatty Faiveley Power supply & electrification

archaeological layer, two earth pressure balance TBMs are currently ex-cavating from Glardinett, the last un-derground station to the east, in the direction of the city centre. At an aver-age speed of 1.2 m a day, some 2.500 m of tunnels have been cut, thanks to the oftense of four teams of 13 crew work-ing around the clock, six days a week. Two more TBMs are being assembled

ing around the clock, six days a week. Two more TBMs are being assembled in the Malatests well, and they will soon start excavating eastwards. The first section between Monte Compatri-Pantano and Parco di Centocelle is due to enter service in 2011, followed by Parco di Centocelle – Lodi in 2012. Once the entire line is completed, in 2015, the fleet of 30 driverless Ansaldobreda trains will be able to carry 24000 passengers/h in each direction, operating at a peak headway of 180 sec.

At the same time, provided that the necessary approvals and financing are



obtained, the proposed 9 km northern extension of Linc C will also enter service. This stretch from Clodio-Mazzini to Grottarossa, via Auditorium and the Stadio Olimpico, will ease traffic along via Cassia, one of the most congested roads in the city.

Roma Metropolitane has already launched a project financing procedure for Line D. Within the next few weeks, a tender process will be used to select a concessionaire to construct and run the line on behalf of the municipality. The tender will be based on proposals drawn up by Società Italiana per Condotte d'Acqua and Impresa Pizzarotti, the project financing promoters. The concessionaire will be

responsible for conducting explora-tory archaeological and geological in-vestigations, preparing the definitive programme, constructing and ulti-mately operating the line throughout the contracted period.

The cost of Line D is put at about e3bn, 65% of which will be required for the Fermi – Prati Fiscali section alone. Work is scheduled to begin in 2009, with the aim of completing the priority section between Fermi and Salario by 2015. Depending on whether financial resources are forth-coming, the entire line from Agricol-tura to Ojetti could be completed by 2019.

When the 20-year concession ex-

2019. When the 20-year concession expires, the City of Roma will then take possession of the infrastructure and become responsible for operating Line D, either through one of its own companies or through an external company, selected by competitive tender, which would run the service on its behalf.

Ambituous expansion

Our goal is an ambitious one to expand the underground network to almost 100 km by 2015. This task is the responsibility of Roma Metropolitane. On behalf of the Comune di Roma, its sole shareholder, our company is managing the expansion and modernisation of the metro network as well as the future creation of a 'mobility corridor,' reserved for public transport, and the Magliana cableway. The next decade will be a period of profound change in Rome. 55



Fermi – Salario Agricoltura – Ojetti

Rebibbia - Casal Monastero Laurentina - Trigoria

Pantano – Parco di Centocelle Parco di Centocelle – Lodi Lodi – Clodio-Mazzini